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Interfacing the Current Loop Function of the INST/INSR-3001

This application note shows several ways that the INST/INSR-3001 current loop function may be interfaced with various sensors and power supplies.

INST-3001 Transmitter

The current-loop input to the INST-3001 is a 50 ohm resistor. As a result loop power must be provided from an external source. Figure 1 shows the use of the INST-3001 with a passive sensor and a separate current-loop power supply. Figure 2 shows the use of the INST-3001 and a self-powered sensor (one that has a built-in loop-power supply) while figure 3 shows the use of the INST-3001 to provide loop supply for a passive sensor from its own internal power. Note that any external power supply used to power the loop must always be a DC supply for proper operation. It must also be high enough in voltage to assure that the desired current can be produced.

INSR-3001 Receiver

The current-loop output from the INSR-3001 is a variable impedance that determines the amount of current that can flow through it based on signals from the INST-3001. Figure 4 shows the use of the INSR-3001 with a passive current indicator and a separate current-loop power supply. Figure 5 shows the use of the INSR-3001 to provide loop power for a passive current indicator from its own internal power. Note that any external power supply used to power the loop must always be a DC supply for proper operation. It must also be high enough in voltage to assure that the desired current can be produced. **General**

When connecting any type of external power supply to either the INST-3001 or the INSR-3001 it is important to remember that position 3 on the signal terminal block, position 3 on the power terminal block and the housing of the unit are all connected together.

Please refer to the INST/INSR-3001 Instruction Manual for additional details and specifications.



